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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/828,879	04/21/2004	Simon Reeves	019287-0324276	5595
909 PILLSBURY V	7590 11/19/200 WINTHROP SHAW PI	EXAM	EXAMINER	
P.O. BOX 10500			WEISKOPF, MARIE	
MCLEAN, VA 22102			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3664	
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			11/19/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Assistant Commencer	10/828,879	REEVES, SIMON				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Marie A. Weiskopf	3664				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was realized to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>04 September 2007</u> .						
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☒ This	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-10,12-21,23-32 and 34 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-10,12-21,23-32,3 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplicated any not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ejected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment(s) 1) ☑ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate				

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claim1-6, 12-17, 23-28, and 34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Smith (US 2002/0042277) in view of Geiger et al (US 6,377,810).
 - In regard to claims 1, 12 and 23, Smith discloses a method, a computer program
 on computer readable medium and a system for providing location data of a
 mobile device using a web service, comprising:
 - Receiving location data at the web service associated with and transmitted
 by a mobile device (paragraph 24)
 - Receiving a location request from a client using a web service, the location request including information identifying the mobile device and the client (paragraphs 24 and 49)

Smith fails to specifically disclose sending a permission request to the mobile device in response to the received location request and providing access to the location data associated with the mobile device based on a response by the mobile device to the permission request. Smith discloses searching in the HLR subscriber profile to find out of a user has permission to receive the location. (paragraph 24) Geiger et al, however, discloses sending a message to the mobile device requesting location

information. (Column 3, line 51 - Column 4, line 6) It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to include this known way of determining whether a user can receive the location information of a mobile device instead of just searching through the subscriber profile.

- In regard to claims 2, 13 and 24, Smith discloses the location data comprising a geographic location and a time stamp (paragraph 25)
- In regard to claims 3, 14 and 25, Smith discloses further comprising determining request permissions associated with the mobile device based on the identified client (paragraph 19)
- In regard to claims 4, 15 and 26, Smith discloses the location request comprising a monitoring request and a criteria for comparing location data (paragraphs 49 and 50)
- In regard to claims 5, 16 and 27, Smith discloses further comprising, periodically receiving additional location data associated with the mobile device, comparing the received location data associated with the mobile device to the criteria and automatically communicating an alert to the client in response to the location data satisfying the criteria. (paragraph 50)
- In regard to claims 6, 17 and 28, Smith discloses the criteria comprising arriving at a location (paragraph 50)
- In regards to claims 8, 19 and 30, Smith discloses the criteria comprising the
 mobile device crossing a geographic perimeter. (paragraph 50) The mobile
 device or the client are able to select a designated location on when to send an
 alert.

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- In regard to claim 34, Smith discloses a method for providing a location data of a mobile device using a web service, comprising:
 - o Receiving location data at the web service associated with and transmitted by a plurality of mobile devices, the location data including a geographic location and a time stamp (paragraphs 24 and 25)
 - o Receiving a location request from a client at a web service, the location request including a monitoring request, criteria and information identifying the mobile device and the client (paragraphs 49 and 50)
 - Periodically receiving additional location data associated with the mobile device (paragraph 49)
 - Comparing the received location data associated with the mobile device to the criteria (paragraph 50)
 - Automatically communicating an alert from the web service to the client in response to the location data satisfying the criteria (paragraph 50)

Smith fails to specifically disclose sending a permission request to the mobile device in response to the received location request and providing access to the location data associated with the mobile device based on a response by the mobile device to the permission request. Smith discloses searching in the HLR subscriber profile to find out of a user has permission to receive the location. (paragraph 24) Geiger et al, however, discloses sending a message to the mobile device requesting location information. (Column 3, line 51 - Column 4, line 6) It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to include this known

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way of determining whether a user can receive the location information of a mobile device instead of just searching through the subscriber profile.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Smith (US 2002/0042277) in view of Geiger et al (US 6,377,810). Smith fails to specifically disclose the criteria comprising a determination of a location of a first mobile device within a specified distance of a second mobile device, however, Smith does disclose being able to monitor multiple devices and being able to specify locations at which the client receives an alert about the location. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to include sending an alert when mobile clients are nearby each other if the job of the employees is to meet together since it is tracking employees.
- 4. Claims 9-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Smith (US 2002/0042277) in view of Geiger et al (US 6,377,810) and further in view of Meadows et al (US 6,716,101). Smith fails to disclose the response comprising a route that the mobile device travels between a first and a second location and the response comprising a speed that the mobile device travels over a period of time. Meadows et al discloses this. (Column 5, lines 22-29) It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to include the traveling speed and route taken for a mobile device in order for a client to easily monitor the activities of an employee or child.

Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1, 12, 23 and 34 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Marie A. Weiskopf whose telephone number is (571) 272-6288. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday between 7:00 AM and 5:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Thomas Black can be reached on (571) 272-6956. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR.

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